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Public Reporting Burden. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average .49 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to Chief, Registration Unit, Criminal Division, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20530; and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503.

*Furnish this exhibit for EACH foreign principal listed in an initial statement
and for EACH additional foreign principal acquired subsequently.*

1. Name and address of registrant UNITED LAO COUNCIL FOR PEACE, FREEDOM AND RECONSTRUCTION 20828 Butterwood Fall Ter. Sterling, VA 20165	2. Registration No. 5639
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3. Name of foreign principal Khamkeo Sanasari <i>UNITED LAO COUNCIL FOR PEACE, FREEDOM AND RECONSTRUCTION</i>	4. Principal address of foreign principal Mouang Nyeun, Borikhamsai, Laos
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5. Indicate whether your foreign principal is one of the following:

☐ Foreign government

☒ Foreign political party

☐ Foreign or domestic organization: If either, check one of the following:

<input type="checkbox"/> Partnership	<input type="checkbox"/> Committee
<input type="checkbox"/> Corporation	<input type="checkbox"/> Voluntary group
<input type="checkbox"/> Association	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify): _____

☐ Individual-State nationality _____

6. If the foreign principal is a foreign government, state:

a) Branch or agency represented by the registrant.

b) Name and title of official with whom registrant deals.

7. If the foreign principal is a foreign political party, state:

a) Principal address.
Mouang Nyeun, Borikhamsai, Laos

b) Name and title of official with whom registrant deals.
Khamkeo Sanasari (Deputy Chief Commander)

c) Principal aim.
To inplace human rights, other basic human fundamental rights, support and acheive peace, freedom, liberty and democracy to the Laotian people in Laos

8. If the foreign principal is not a foreign government or a foreign political party,

a) State the nature of the business or activity of this foreign principal

N/A

b) Is this foreign principal

Supervised by a foreign government, foreign political party, or other foreign principal

Yes ☐ No ☒

Owned by a foreign government, foreign political party, or other foreign principal

Yes ☐ No ☒

Directed by a foreign government, foreign political party, or other foreign principal

Yes ☐ No ☒

Controlled by a foreign government, foreign political party, or other foreign principal

Yes ☐ No ☒

Financed by a foreign government, foreign political party, or other foreign principal

Yes ☐ No ☒

Subsidized in part by a foreign government, foreign political party, or other foreign principal

Yes ☐ No ☒

9. Explain fully all items answered "Yes" in Item 8(b). (If additional space is needed, a full insert page must be used.)

N/A

10. If the foreign principal is an organization and is not owned or controlled by a foreign government, foreign political party or other foreign principal, state who owns and controls it.

N/A

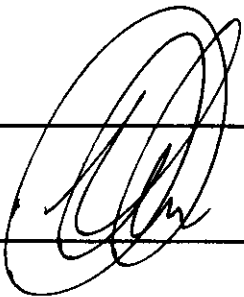
Date of Exhibit A	Name and Title	Signature
7-17-2004	HUE VAND ASSOCIATE DIR.	

Exhibit B
To Registration Statement
Pursuant to the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended

INSTRUCTIONS: A registrant must furnish as an Exhibit B copies of each written agreement and the terms and conditions of each oral agreement with his foreign principal, including all modifications of such agreements, or, where no contract exists, a full statement of all the circumstances by reason of which the registrant is acting as an agent of a foreign principal. One original and two legible photocopies of this form shall be filed for each foreign principal named in the registration statement and must be signed by or on behalf of the registrant.

Privacy Act Statement. Every registration statement, short form registration statement, supplemental statement, exhibit, amendment, copy of informational materials or other document or information filed with the Attorney General under this Act is a public record open to public examination, inspection and copying during the posted business hours of the Registration Unit in Washington, DC. One copy of every such document, other than informational materials, is automatically provided to the Secretary of State pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act, and copies of any and all documents are routinely made available to other agencies, departments and Congress pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Act. The Attorney General also transmits a semi-annual report to Congress on the Administration of the Act which lists the names of all agents registered under the Act and the foreign principals they represent. This report is available to the public.

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1. Name of Registrant United Council for Peace, Freedom and Reconstruction	2. Registration No. 5639
3. Name of Foreign Principal Mr. Khamkeo Sanaosery UNITED LAO COUNCIL FOR PEACE, FREEDOM AND RECONSTRUCTION	

Check Appropriate Boxes:

4. ☐ The agreement between the registrant and the above-named foreign principal is a formal written contract. If this box is checked, attach a copy of the contract to this exhibit.
5. ☒ There is no formal written contract between the registrant and the foreign principal. The agreement with the above-named foreign principal has resulted from an exchange of correspondence. If this box is checked, attach a copy of all pertinent correspondence, including a copy of any initial proposal which has been adopted by reference in such correspondence.
6. ☐ The agreement or understanding between the registrant and the foreign principal is the result of neither a formal written contract nor an exchange of correspondence between the parties. If this box is checked, give a complete description below of the terms and conditions of the oral agreement or understanding, its duration, the fees and expenses, if any, to be received.

7. Describe fully the nature and method of performance of the above indicated agreement or understanding.

The foreign principal has formally petitioned and demanded the registrant and its council members/officers to accept their petition and to take applicable means to intervene the escalating, atrocities in Laos. To appeal the urgent and escalating crisis of human rights violation, ethnic cleansing, massive murdering of innocent and harmless women and children by the Lao People's Democratic Republic government against the Laotian civilians, moreover, to support the foreign principal's movement for peace, freedom and democracy to the Laotian people as clauses guaranteed by the Charter of the United Nations.

8. Describe fully the activities the registrant engages in or proposes to engage in on behalf of the above foreign principal.

The registrant has been coordinating various committees throughout the United States and around the world to take initiative and educating the world community regarding the reality of the urgent atrocities in Laos against innocent Laotian civilians.

The registrant further has contacted various media representatives to investigate the facts and reports them to the world.

The registrant will reachout to all global democratic communities and nations to help effect humanitarian aids efforts to save the victims of the atrocities.

Registrant will resolve a clear and applicable resolution and appeal to the United Nations, Security Council, United States Congress, The Bush Administration and all applicable NGOs, public and private agencies to effect a cease fire, create a safe-zone for the resistance, effect humanitarian aids and further support the foreign principal's movement for peace, freedom, liberty and democracy for the Laotian people.

The registrant will program applicable means to finance the objectives of this mission.

Different team will be in place to carryout the tasks of supporting the foreign principal's appeal.

9. Will the activities on behalf of the above foreign principal include political activities as defined in Section 1(o) of the Act and in the footnote below? Yes ☒ No ☐

If yes, describe all such political activities indicating, among other things, the relations, interests or policies to be influenced together with the means to be employed to achieve this purpose.

The registrant's political activities will beto contact the United States Government officials, United Nations Offials, the International Communities and all other applicable agencies to support the foreign principal appeal, to legislate applicable legislations to save lives, promote human rights, other fundamental rights guaranteed by the Charter of the United Nations and to gain peace, freedom, liberty, and democracy for the Laotian people in Laos.

Contact in the United States will include all levelsof public officials and foreign and domestic offices.

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Date of Exhibit B 7/17/2004	Name and Title Dr. Shur V. Vangyi (General Secretary)	Signature 
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Footnote: Political activity as defined in Section 1(o) of the Act means any activity which the person engaging in believes will, or that the person intends to, in any way influence any agency or official of the Government of the United States or any section of the public within the United States with reference to formulating, adopting, or changing the domestic or foreign policies of the United States or with reference to the political or public interests, policies, or relations of a government of a foreign country or a foreign political party.

Constitution of The United Lao Council for Peace, Freedom and Reconstruction

PREAMBLE

We, members of the United Lao Council for Peace, Freedom and Reconstruction, united together on this 17th of July, 2004 in the city of St. Paul, state of Minnesota, country of United States of America to organize and perpetuate a political organization, accept as our own principles and values of the global democratic movement.

Central to the work of the Council are the values of a future focus on sustain-ability, personal and global responsibility to respect and honor equality, diversity, feminism, community-based economics and decentralization.

The Council shall affiliated with all Lao people in exiled in the United States and around the world and those who are still struggling for peace and freedom in Laos.

Article 1- NAME

Section 1. Name:

The name of this organization shall be the United Lao Council for Peace, Freedom and Reconstruction (ULCPFR).

Section 2. Purpose:

The purpose of establishing the United Lao council for Peace, Freedom and Reconstruction was to advocate, lobby and support the Laotian Resistance Movements in Laos to bring Peace, Freedom and Democracy to the Lao people.

Article 2 - Duties and Responsibilities

Until the formation of the Council's National Legislative and Constituent Assembly, and declaration of its readiness to assume its responsibilities, this Council will undertake temporary duties of the state's legislation and supervision of the administration of the country's affairs.

Article 3 - Membership

All Lao people (all ethnic groups) inside Laos, exiled leaders, refugees in third countries and other political groups are welcome to be a members of this Council.

Article 4 – Membership Fee(s)

All existing and new member(s) of the Council shall pay an annual membership fee of \$100.00 (One hundred dollars) per member. The annual fee is due at the annual

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meeting.

Article 5 - New membership

Acceptance to the Council if any new member requires the applicant's undertaking of the program of the Council and the Executive teams, of its urgent tasks, and have other ratification's by the Council. It must be accompanied by the written application for membership of the applicant and be presented to the Secretary General of the Council. This application will be set forth in the earliest sitting of the Council and provided its acceptance is approved (in accordance with article 4 above) the applicant will be considered as a "Member of the Council" thereafter.

Article 6 - Decision Making

Section 1 Process:

The Council shall use a decision making process that combines both consensus and majority-rule at its core.

Subsection A. Facilitators shall be used for all meetings.

Subsection B. Each meeting shall implement a technique for assuring equal opportunity for all voices to be heard.

Article 7 - Chief of Mission

The Council shall appoint a Chief of Mission to oversee all operational affairs of the Council. He/she shall have the power to set up Executive Committees (provisional government) with the approval of the council. He/she shall also have the authority to delegate and appoint representatives delegates (Ambassadors) to foreign governments as necessary.

Article 8 - Rules and Regulations

All members of the Council and the Executive teams must comply with the rules and regulations set by the Council.

Article 9 - Appointment

The responsibility to form the United Lao Council for Peace, Freedom and Reconstruction and to appoint the Directors and Officers are as stipulated in article 5 above is entrusted upon the Chief of Mission with the approval of the Council, especially the Council Chairman who is the Symbol of unity and the representative of the Lao people and all organizations of Laos. This Executive body will act in accordance with the program and the immediate tasks assigned to it and in accordance with the Council's future ratifications.

Article 10 - Interpolation

Within the framework of the Council's ratifications, the right to question and interpolate the United Lao Council for Peace, Freedom and Reconstruction, or any of its members, is reserved for every member of the Council.

Article 11 - Attending Meetings

Personality-members of the Council attend the Council's session in person. They May not send representatives or deputies instead. If a member absent the Council's meeting three times without good reasons, it is considered that member is not active. He/she shall be subject to replace or remove from the Council.

Article 12- Membership and Funds

Section 1. Expenses of the Council:

The expenses of the Council are met by means of membership fees and voluntary donations made by those who wish to see a free and independent Laos.

Section 2. Funds of the Council:

The Council receives its funding from governments or non-governmental organizations who support/promote peace and democracy around the world to help Laos regain Peace and Democracy for the Laotian people. With the agreement of each member, the Council Chairman and the Chief of Missions will determine the amount of financial contribution each member undertakes to provide. The Chief of Mission shall submit fiscal reports to the Council.

Article 13 - Amendments

Section 1. Amending this Constitution:

This Constitution may be amended by an affirmative decision at the Annual Meeting in accordance with Article 4.

Section 2. Amending the By-Laws:

The Council's law to this constitution may be amended by an affirmative decision at the Annual Meeting in accordance with Article 4.

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LAO PEOPLE'S MOVEMENT FOR DEMOCRACY

ພັກປະຊາຊົນລາວ ເພື່ອເສຍປະຊາທິປະໄຕ

Temporary Mailing: C/O United Lao Movement for Democracy
P.O. Box 17070, St. Paul, MN. 55117 USA. Website: www.laopeople.com



KINGDOM OF LAOS

Declaration of the Lao People's Movement for Democracy

By

**The Lao citizens of all ethnic nationalities
In Laos**

April 4, 2003

2004 AUG 11 AM 10:13
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KINGDOM OF LAOS

AN OFFICIAL DOCUMENT

Annotation:

The Kingdom of Laos, a small landlocked country in Southeast Asia has been centered stage from one war after another brought on by the civilized nations of the world. To this end, the Lao people become victims of the wars and the country becomes one of the poorest nations in the world. Eventually, Laos has been guaranteed by the International Geneva Accords of 1954 and 1962 as a Country of peace, independence, neutrality, sovereignty and territorial integrity. However during the Vietnam War, Laos has been once again used as a strategic war between the communist and non-communist worlds until the Paris peace agreement of 1973 to end the Indochina conflicts, which Laos was included as a part of the international agreement.

History proven that following the US military pulled out from South Vietnam in 1975, the Pathet Lao backed by Vietnamese troops took over Laos; abolished the Royal Lao government and instituted a dictatorship regime called the "Lao People Democratic Republic" (LPDR) on December 2, 1975. Since then, the LPDR regime began with all means of genocide war including ground troops, air raids and chemical attacks Lao citizens and rules the country with an iron fist policy not different from the Cambodia killing fields during the Pol Pot regime. Top LPDR government officials who are responsible for the war crimes are still holding power of the country.

Declaration

Whereas: The dictatorship LPDR regime violates the international Geneva Accords of 1954, 1962 that recognized peace, unity, independence, neutrality, sovereignty and territorial integrity of Laos; violates the Paris peace agreement of 1973 and the Vientiane Agreement on Restoring Peace and Achieving National Concord in Laos on February 21, 1973, by inviting North Vietnam including troops and colonists to be the master of our country and of our people, and

Whereas: The LPDR regime governs our country for 27 years under military dictatorship and rules with no regards for human rights, justice, freedom and democracy, and

Whereas: The dictatorship LPDR regime declared secret ethnic cleansing war by using all means of genocidal campaign against the Lao people for 27 years, which resulted in hundreds of thousands innocent men, women and children being killed, including His Majesty the King and members of the royal family, and

Whereas: The Lao People have already protested with a letter dated on February 10, 1998 demanding the dictatorship LPDR regime cease the ethnic cleansing campaign against the Lao people immediately, but to no avail the regime continues the bloody war against the Lao people, and

Whereas: The Lao people could no longer stand for the pain and bear the suffering to see the brutal LPDR regime kill innocent Lao citizens, therefore we have asserted citizen's rights declaring an official manifesto on April 4, 1998 with missions to fight for the overthrow of the LPDR regime in order to reform political system in Laos in such form that it can be ruled by a freely elected and just government that will protect the inherent rights, freedom and democracy of the Lao people.

Now and therefore, We the Lao citizens of all ethnic nationalities are here declaring a political opposition party called "Lao People's Movement for Democracy" on this 4th day of April in the year 2003 in Laos. Pursuant to our declaration, we are hereby provided for the following leaders to be inaugurated to the body of this political party.

LAO PEOPLE'S MOVEMENT FOR DEMOCRACY

OFFICERS

Honorable Khamkeo Sanasery
President

Mr. Yangtouna Thao
First Vice President

Mr. Sinoon Sayavong
Second Vice President

Mr. Thonglit Salasi
Third Vice President

Mr. Yongyia Moua
Secretary General

REGIONAL MILITARY COMMANDERS

Mr. Vongkham Lakampha
Commander of Region One

Mr. Touatheu Moua
Commander of Region Two

Mr. Wangmeng Yang
Commander of Region Three

Mr. Rasavong Ongcheuang
Commander of Region Four

Mr. Khap Phongsa
Commander Region Five

Given the inherent power of the Lao citizens and pursuant to this declaration, those officials who are sworn to the body of the Lao People's Movement for Democracy will be granted the power to immediately undertake:

1. Appoint the Party's committee members; represent the unity of the Lao people, play a leading role, and command all the strategic forces to fight for the overthrow of the dictatorship LPDR regime, its foreign invaders and to pursue a speedy establishment of a new democratic government.
2. Appeal the situations in Laos to the leaders of the world nations requesting for international community to aggressively apply international pressure for the withdrawal of all foreign troops from Laos, condemn the dictatorship LPDR regime and help to restore peace, freedom and democracy in Laos as guaranteed by the Geneva Accords of 1954 and 1962 on Laos and the Paris Peace Agreement of 1973.
3. Call up on the Honorable Pragna Norapramok General Vang Pao, His Highness Chiao Soulivong Savang, the exiled Lao leaders and including all our fellow countrymen and countrywomen abroad to return to Laos immediately to work towards the establishment of a democratic government; pursue new national policies to rescue the social, cultural, economic, educational and political crisis in Laos until new government officials are freely elected by the people under the election provisions of our new constitution.

4. Appoint foreign representatives; and establish foreign relations with neighboring countries and international community in order to solicit political supports, create a "Safety Zone" to provide amnesty and emergency humanitarian assistance such as foods, shelters, medicines and other basic human needs to help rescue thousands of innocent Lao citizens who are now surrounded by troops of the LPDR regime.

In testimony whereof, we the Lao people of all nationalities have hereunto declared the Lao People Movement for Democracy Party and given the power of citizens to the appointed officials named above on this 4th days of April in the years 2003.

In witness herewith I, Khamkeo Sanasery, President of the Lao People's Movement for Democracy Party, and on behalf of the Lao citizens of all ethnic nationalities, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal and my signature as official witness to the declaration of the **Lao People's Movement for Democracy Party**.

Executed on this 4th day of April in the year of 2003 in Laos



Khamkeo Sanasery, President

2004 AUG 11 AM 10:13
COMMUNICATIONS UNIT



LAO PEOPLE'S MOVEMENT FOR DEMOCRACY

ເມື່ອມາຊາດລາວ ມີຄວາມເປັນຊາດຊາດ

Temporary Mailings: C/O United Lao Movement for Democracy
P.O. Box 17370, ST. Paul, MN. 55117 USA Website: www.laopeople.com



AN OFFICIAL INVITATION

April 4, 2003

Dear Honorable Phagna Noraprasnok General Vang Pao and
the exiled Lao leaders abroad

Dear Honorable Phagna Noraprasnok General Vang Pao and the exiled Lao
leaders abroad:

Given the inherent power of the Lao people of all nationalities and on behalf
of the Lao People's Movement for Democracy, it is my great honor to write
this letter as an official invitation. Inviting you, General Thonglit
Thokhengboun, Dr. Khampai Abhay, General Khamkhong Phouthavong and
Chiao Ophat Nachampassak in the lead of our fellow countrymen and
countrywomen abroad to return to Laos immediately to support our
movement in the fights for the withdrawal of all foreign invaders and to
condemn the cohort leaders of LPDR regime who brought destruction to our
land, so that we can once again reform our country towards peace, justices,
freedom and democracy. The Lao people deserve no more bloody war, but
the government of the Lao People Democratic Republic (LPDR) continues a
never-ending ethnic cleansing war and genocide campaigns against
innocent Lao citizens.

The Lao people are hereby declaring the facts that the LPDR is not a
legitimate government that elected by the Lao people and for the Lao people

the Lao People's Movement for Democracy on April 4, 2003 to fight for the overthrow of the dictatorship LPDR regime. We will continue to fight until a new freedom and democratic government being established to guarantee peace, justices, freedom and democracy for the Lao people.

Given the power of the Lao citizens of all nationalities from north to south, you and the exiled Lao leaders are officially invited to Laos to support our movement and works towards the establishment of a temporary democratic government, pursue new national policies to rescue the social, cultural, economical, educational and political crisis in Laos until new government officials are freely elected by the Lao people. In addition, you and the exiled Lao leaders are being appointed to speak on our behalf for the commencement of dialogues with the international community to exert pressure for the withdrawal of Vietnamese troops and colonists from our land, seeking for international amnesty, humanitarian and political supports our movement until the glorious day that peace, democracy and freedom be achieved for our people and the Kingdom of Laos.

The Lao people of all nationalities sincerely hope that you and the exiled Lao leaders will accept our invitation without any delay. History will not forgive if we fail. The Lao people are counting the minutes waiting for you all.

Respectfully submitted



Khamsoo Sanasery, President

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PROCLAMATION OF

THE

**UNITED LAO COUNCIL FOR PEACE, FREEDOM AND
RECONSTRUCTION (ULCPFR)**

BY

**EXILED LAO LEADERS
FROM AROUND THE WORLD**

JULY 17 2004

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**Proclamation Of
United Lao Council for Peace, Freedom and Reconstruction (ULCPFR)**

Summary Statements

When the government of the Lao People Democratic Republic rules the country with reckless, disregards of the fundamental human rights and does not take its own citizens for granted, the things that make the country prosper; then the Lao people would never benefits from the civil liberties and freedom as clauses guaranteed by the Charter of the United Nations.

The Paris Peace Agreement of January 27, 1973 for ending the Indochina War brought for the signing of Vientiane Peace Agreement of February 21, 1973 by and between the Pathet Lao and Vientiane government. Laos began its turning point when the Pathet Lao backed by the government of North Vietnam violated both agreements and took over Laos by force, abducted the King of Laos, abolished the constitutional monarchy and changed the country to a one-party, authoritarian communist government. Since then, the LPDR communist regime began all means of persecution against leaders of the Vientiane government, declared ethnic cleansing war and systemized brutal killing its own citizens. These intentional brutal acts had forced more than two hundreds thousands Laotians out of the country and has taken tens of thousands of innocent lives including the King and many members of the royal family.

The atrocities and human rights violation in Laos are more serious than generally recognized by the international communities and what has been reported to the world. There is compelling evidence with independent eyewitnesses that human rights violations, religion rights violations and killing fields existed in Laos. The LPDR regime had declared secret military mop up operations against its own citizens. They labeled the Hmong and many other Laotian citizens who resist the regime's ruling as "bandits or bad elements". Thereby, the ideologies of ethnic cleansing and genocide continue to exist in Laos for 29 years. The current situations in Laos are not different from the mass murder of Kurds in Northern Iraq at the hands of Saddam Hussein's regime; and the killing-fields in Cambodian at the hand of Pol Pot's regime. The LPDR Regime has kept its door closed to the outside world and continued a never-ending military operations against those who are voicing for justice, freedom and democracy.

During the Indochina War, the Lao people have sacrificed to fight with supreme heroism for a war that was not theirs nor created by them, but to preserve the peace, freedom and democracy of the region. As a result, those brave men and women have either been killed or imprisoned by the regime as a form of revenge for being associated with the war. Proven that the LPDR regime commits the most brutal and evil acts in history in Laos. The ethnic Hmong minority particularly becomes the most unfortunate group. Thousands had fled to the jungles of Laos to avoid persecution; yet, the LPDR regime purposely utilized varies military operations including ground troops, air raids, chemical

weapons and starvation tactics to wipe them out. In many cases, LPDR troops open fire at unarmed men, women and children once troops located them in the jungles. Eye witnessed by Andrew Perrin, Asia Time Magazine published in May 2003 "In all my years as journalist I had never seen anything like this".

In November 2003, Pragna Norapramok Vang Pao attempted diplomatic contact with the LPDR regime to cease its hostile military operations against innocent Lao people and to bring the disputes in Laos to a peaceful solution. Despite the United States Congress passed SR 240, HR 169, SR 402; the United Nations Commission on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination passed resolution in August 2003 urging the LPDR to improve its human rights, religion rights and to cease racial discrimination policies, The LPDR government ignored these efforts without ground, and continues to increase troops with conventional military weapons against the ethnic Laotian minorities in the jungles of Laos and has denied excess to the media and International Communities.

We, the exiled Lao leaders anticipated that the LPDR government would cherish peace and allow the Laotian citizens to enjoy peace and freedom they deserved after many wars. In contradiction, the LPDR regime called upon Vietnamese troops to murder the Lao people, forces them to live under mercy and step up brutal persecution and oppression against innocent Lao civilians. Today, the Lao people inside the country appealing for our attentions, and pleading the international communities for rescue their lives and help to restore peace, justice, freedom and democracy in Laos.

Now and therefore, in response to the formal invitation of April 4, 2003 by the Lao people inside Laos, and the demands from the Lao people abroad; we are here to declare the **United Lao Council for Peace, Freedom and Reconstruction** on this 17th day of July 2004. The missions of the ULCPFR are to create peaceful solutions to resolve the on going conflicts in Laos; to create governmental dialogues with the United States, United Nations, international Communities to help cherish peace, justices, freedom and democracy in Laos as it was guaranteed by the international Paris Peace Agreement of 1973 and the Vientiane Peace Agreement of 1973.

To accomplish the missions, we shall take necessary steps and by all means to maintain political mediation with the LPDR government and insurgency groups throughout the country to cease hostilities in order to initiate necessary dialogues for resolutions to end this bloody war; and move the country towards peace, justice, freedom and democracy. We attempted to work in collaboration with the Lao people inside the country and abroad for the development of a concrete and measurable plan to eliminate the regime's terrorism activities, government corruptions, drug trafficking and human rights violation. Further, to reform national policies in order to resolve the social, educational, health, economy and political conditions in Laos as requests made by the Lao people inside the country and abroad.

We encourage the International Communities to exert pressure for the LPDR government to cease its hostilities against Lao citizens, creation of a safety-zone for all the resistance groups in Laos and to allow International Red Cross, Amnesty

International and International Humanitarian Aids Organizations to access humanitarian aids to rescue the trapped and starving men, women and children in the jungles of Laos.

We call upon the Lao people of all ethnicities inside the country and abroad for a unified effort to promote and support peaceful solutions and reconstruction for Laos. It is our intention to urge the United States Government, The United Nations, European Unions, ASEAN and leaders of the international communities to support our efforts to once again bring peace, justice, human rights, freedom and democracy for the Lao people.

Structures of the United Lao Council for Peace, Freedom and Reconstruction

Dr. Khamphai Abhai has been appointed by the General Assembly as Chairman of the Congressional Committee of ULCPFR, to holding the symbol of national unity among the Lao people inside Laos and abroad. The Chairman of the Congressional Committee shall have the power to appoint staffs to carry activities, which assigned and will chair the National Assembly for the development of legislations and oversees the activities until Laos achieve national unity, peace, justices, freedom and democracy.

Praya Norapramok Vang Pao has been appointed by the General Assembly as the Chief of Missions of ULCPFR, who is the primary decision body, and has the power to delegate officers and staffs to carry activities of varies departments and oversees the administration and operation of ULCPFR. The Chief of Mission and the Chairman of Congressional Committee will work in a unified effort to persuade parties in conflicts inside Laos to resolve their differences; make diplomatic contacts and establish dialogues with the international communities and leaders of the world nations to promote peace, justice, freedom and democracy for the Lao people.

In witness whereof: I, Dr. Khamphai Abhai have here set my hand and have been sworn in to the position as Chairman of the Congressional Committee of ULCPFR and the duties of said assigned.



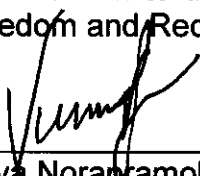
Name: Dr. Khaiphai Abhai
Chairman of Congressional Committee of ULCPFR

Date

7-17-04

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In witness whereof, I, Praya Norapramok Vang Pao have herein set my hand and have been sworn in to the position as Chief of Mission of the United Lao Council for Peace, Freedom and Reconstruction and the duties of said assigned.



Name: Praya Norapramok Vang Pao
Chief of Mission of the Executive Committee of ULCPFR

Date

7-17-04

Now, therefore I Dr. Shurvang Vangyi, General Secretary of the United Lao Council for Peace, Freedom and Reconstruction, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the National Assembly of the United Lao Council for Peace, Freedom and Democracy, do here witness the official declaration of ULCPFR and adopted this official document on this 17th day of 2004.



General Secretary of ULCPFR

7-17-04

Date

Copies submitted to:

United States Government

United Nations

ASEAN

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Presidents and Prime Ministers of the World's Nations.

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